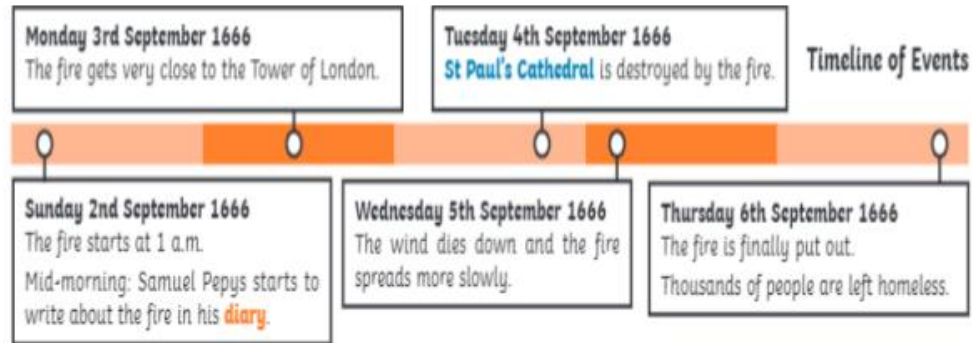


The Great Fire of London- History



Key Vocabulary

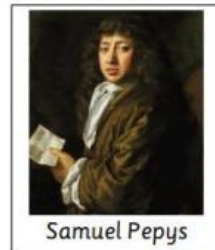
London	The capital city of England and the United Kingdom (UK).
Samuel Pepy's Diary	A book that people write in about their lives. Samuel wrote about what he saw.
Bakery	A place that makes bread and cakes and sold.
River Thames	River that flows through London and was used to put out the fire.
Tudor Houses	Buildings made from wood and straw that burn easily.
Squirters, buckets and hooks	Objects used in 1666 to stop the fire spreading
Eye witness	A person who has seen something and can give a description of it.



Sticky Knowledge:

- The fire started in 1666
- The fire started in a bakery
- The fire spread because buildings were close together and made of wood and straw.
- Samuel Pepys wrote a diary about life at the time and the fire.
- How the fire service has changed

1666



Key Events and Facts

When and where did the fire start?	Sunday 2 nd September 1666 in Thomas Farriner's bakery on Pudding Lane.
Why did the fire start?	The fire in the Bakery was not put out properly.
Why did the fire spread so quickly?	In 1666, the buildings in London were made from wood straw. They were very close together, making it easy for fires to spread.
How did people try and put the fire out?	People used leather buckets and water squirts to try and put the fire out, but they did not work. King Charles II ordered buildings to be pulled down to stop the flames from spreading.
How and when was the fire put out?	Thursday 6 th September, the wind had died down. People were able to put out the flames.

